



# Building Capacity for Intelligent Transportation Systems in Rural and Small Metropolitan Areas

---



Rachel Beyerle  
Program Manager  
December 9, 2020

# Overview

---

- Intelligent Transportation Systems in Rural Areas
- Why Rural ITS?
- Rural ITS Challenges
- ITS Case Studies Report
- Lessons Learned and Opportunities

# National Association of Development Organizations

---

- National association that supports 540 regional development organizations, including emerging network of Rural Transportation Planning Organizations (RTPOs)
- Promote public policies that strengthen local governments, communities and economies through the regional strategies, coordination efforts and program expertise of the nation's regional development organizations



# NADO Research Foundation

---

- Nonprofit research affiliate of NADO established in 1988 to identify, study, and promote regional solutions for community development, planning, transportation, and economic resilience.
- Shares best practices, offers professional development training, technical assistance, and examines trends in small metropolitan and rural America.





## RURAL AND SMALL METROPOLITAN INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS CASE STUDIES PROJECT



# What is ITS?

---

A definition:

“...the integration of advanced communication technologies into the transportation technologies and vehicles. Intelligent transportation systems encompass a broad range of wireless and wire line communications-based information and electronics technologies.”

*U.S. Department of Transportation ITS Joint Program Office, Intelligent Transportation Systems Benefits, Costs and Lessons Learned: [2018 Update Report](#)*



# Why Rural and Small Metro ITS?

---

Rural areas experience:

- Extreme weather across seasons
- High speed traffic
- Higher traffic fatality rates
- Terrain and topography
- Wildlife crossings

*Image: fhwa.dot.gov*

# Challenges and Concerns



Image courtesy @RockyNPS

## Conditions

- Lower traffic volumes
- Short-lived congestion
- Traveler behavior and preferences

## Resources

- Less political clout
- Limited staff sizes and resources
- Lower tax base

## Technology

- Broadband connections
- Digital capabilities of customers and smartphone access



# Rural ITS Application Categories

---

- **Travel Information:** emergency conditions, weather, tourism
- **Operations:** dynamic message signs, flood gates
- **Safety and Health:** railroad and trail crossings, bike & pedestrian
- **Transit and Mobility:** scheduling, dispatch, volunteer software
- **Vehicle Connectivity:** weather response, Vehicle-to-Vehicle (V2V), Vehicle-to-Infrastructure (V2I)

# Case Study Locations

---

Colorado (Estes Park, Mesa County, Rocky Mountain Natl. Park)

Florida (Pinellas County)

Georgia (Tybee Island, statewide, Union County)

Iowa (Region XII - Denison, Carroll)

Massachusetts (Belmont)

Missouri (St. Joseph, Trenton, and Maryville regions)

Nevada (I-580 corridor Reno/Carson City)

Minnesota Department of Transportation

New York and New Hampshire (Volunteer Transportation Network)

Ohio (Guernsey, Muskingum, and Noble counties; Marysville)

Oregon (Washington County)

Pennsylvania (Allentown)

South Dakota (Bon Homme, Spink counties)

Western States (national parks)

Wyoming (I-80 corridor statewide)



# Travel Information

---

**Neels Gap, Georgia:** Traffic camera and weather system improved through broadband. Drone used to pull fiber line up the mountain. Part of GA statewide ITS network.

**National Park Service:** Western parks and Rocky Mountain NP are using dynamic message signs, traffic cameras, smart website features, and social media to alert visitors before and during visits.

*Neels Gap, Georgia Image: Byron McCombs*





*Minnie Cline Elementary School staff and students paint crosswalks and stop bars along with SJATSO and Mo-Kan transportation staff.  
Image courtesy Mo-Kan/SJATSO.*

# Management and Operations

---

**Missouri RDOs:** Shared dynamic message signs, speed radar trailer, traffic counters, and Safety and Innovation Mobile Lab

**Washington County, Oregon:** Floodgates use automated water depth sensors and remote cameras to decrease field visits to assess flood-prone roads.



# Transportation Safety and Health

---

**Colorado National Monument:** Bicyclist and vehicle dynamic warning sign on Rimrock Drive.

**MBTA RR Crossing in Belmont, Mass.:** Flashing lights on Do Not Stop on Tracks sign to deter vehicles in track zone.

**South Dakota Intersection Warnings:** Vehicle detector loops trigger a flashing light to indicate traffic is approaching on a side road.

*Colorado National Monument Rim Rock Drive.  
Image: National Park Service*





# Transportation Safety and Health

---

## **Pinellas Trail in Dunedin, Florida:**

Florida DOT District 7 pilot to use passive pedestrian and cyclist detection at Skinner Boulevard crossing.

**Allentown, PA Million Hearts:** Non-traditional technology using job time clocks to record miles walked as part of CDC and Pennsylvania public health program.



# Transit and Mobility

---

**Region XII COG and Western Iowa Transit:** 60-vehicle commuter and demand response system moved from two-way radios to using cellular-based tablets and on-board software.

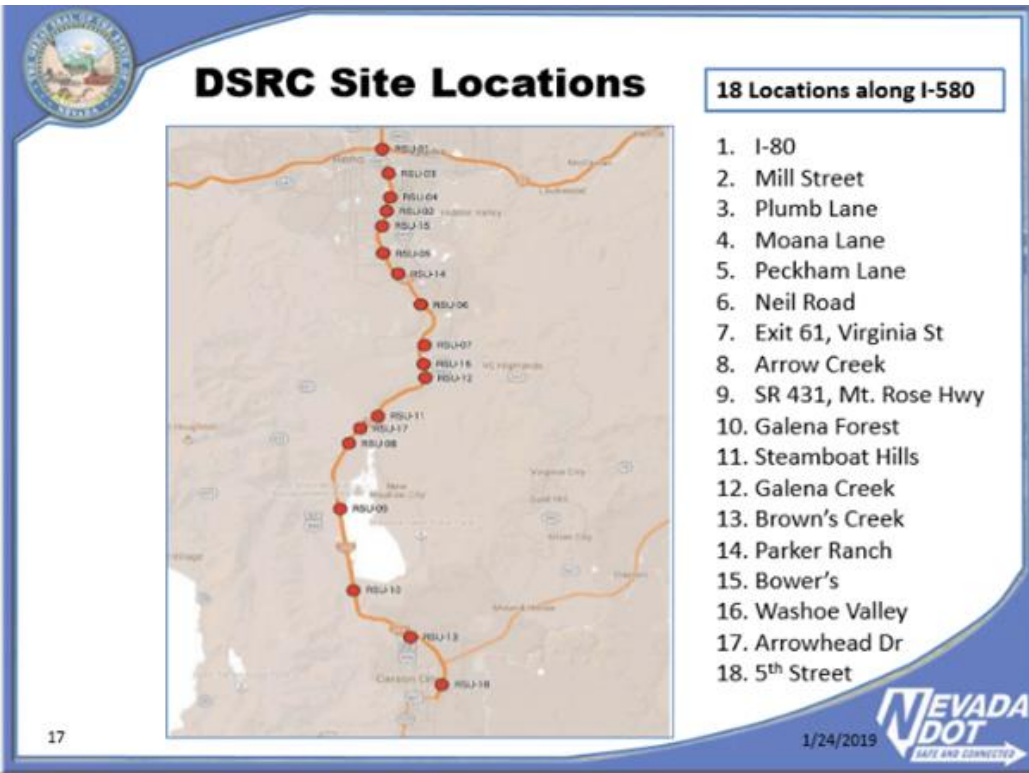
**South East Area Transit and Transit Tech Ohio:** Participant in statewide broadband and software standard program leading to new operations decisions, improved scheduling and dispatching, and increased rides.

**Volunteer Transportation Center of New Hampshire and New York:** 350-member volunteer team uses specialized software to track trips, funding, volunteer availability and credentials, and send passenger alerts.

*Western Iowa Transit staff use tablets to check schedules.  
Image: Region XII COG*



# Vehicle Connectivity and Automated Vehicles



A map of the I-580 corridor indicates the locations of Nevada DOT's Dedicated Short-Range Communications Systems roadside units.  
Image courtesy NDOT

**Nevada DOT Integrated Mobile Operations:** Testing dedicated short-range communications (DSRC) on snowplows for weather condition data. Involves roadside units on I-580, cellular signals and onboard instruments

**Wyoming I-80 Connected Vehicle Pilot:** DSRC between roadside units and on-board truck cab units for real-time driver alerts, closures, wind warnings, and truck parking.

# Vehicle Connectivity and Automated Vehicles

**Connected Marysville, Ohio:** 27 signals equipped with DSRC to interact with test connected vehicles. Part of Ohio's U.S. 33 Smart Mobility Corridor.

**Minnesota's Connected Vehicles Plans:** Connected and Automated Vehicles CAV-X Strategic Plan included survey and working groups of RDOs, cities, counties, and other localities to identify needs and determine statewide communications framework.

A man in a dark suit and light blue shirt is standing next to a large, black, open signal cabinet. He is gesturing with his hands towards the interior of the cabinet, which is filled with various electronic components, including circuit boards, wires, and a small monitor. The cabinet is mounted on a brick sidewalk. In the background, there are trees and a brick building.

*City of Marysville Director of Public Service shows visitors the connected signal cabinet interior. Image courtesy NADO Research Foundation*

# The Road Ahead: Lessons Learned and Opportunities

---

- Many technologies are applicable in rural and small urban areas.
- Effective ITS projects can be low cost.
- State DOT partnership is important for ITS discussion, broadband expansion, and statewide technology standards.
- ITS outcomes include improved environment, saved resources, saved time, and saved lives.





Building Capacity  
for Intelligent Transportation Systems  
in Rural and Small Metropolitan Areas

Visit [www.nado.org](http://www.nado.org) and  
[www.ruraltransportation.org](http://www.ruraltransportation.org)

Follow @NADOWeb and @RPOAmerica

---

Thank you!

Rachel Beyerle  
Program Manager  
[rbeyerle@nado.org](mailto:rbeyerle@nado.org)